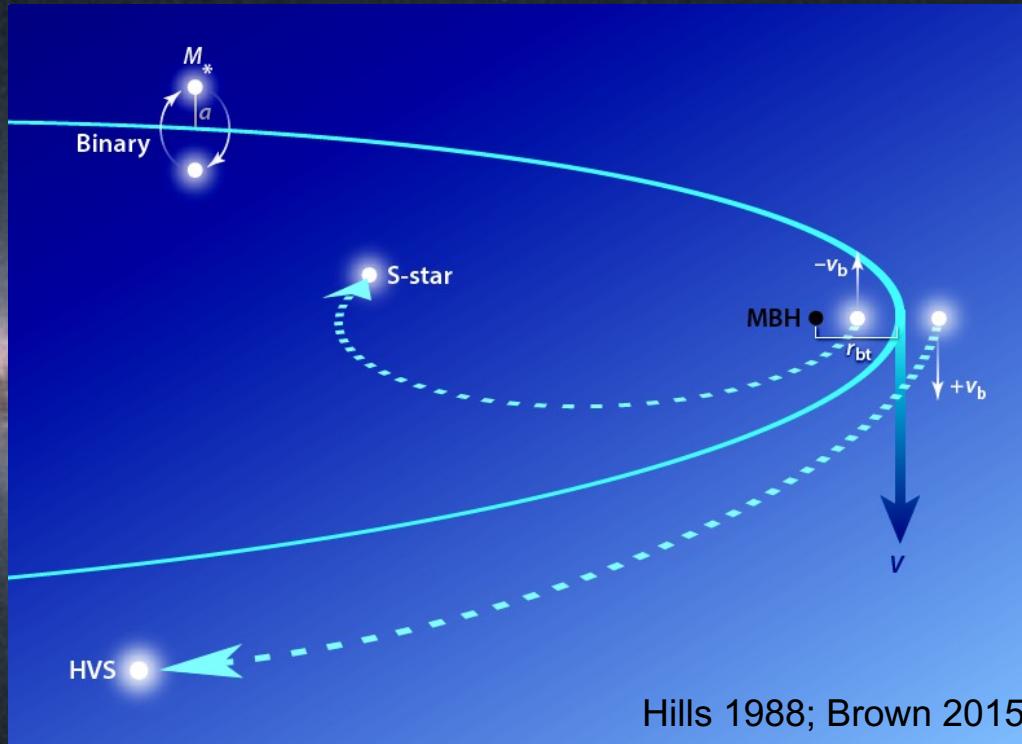


Gaia and the Galactic Center Origin of Hypervelocity Stars



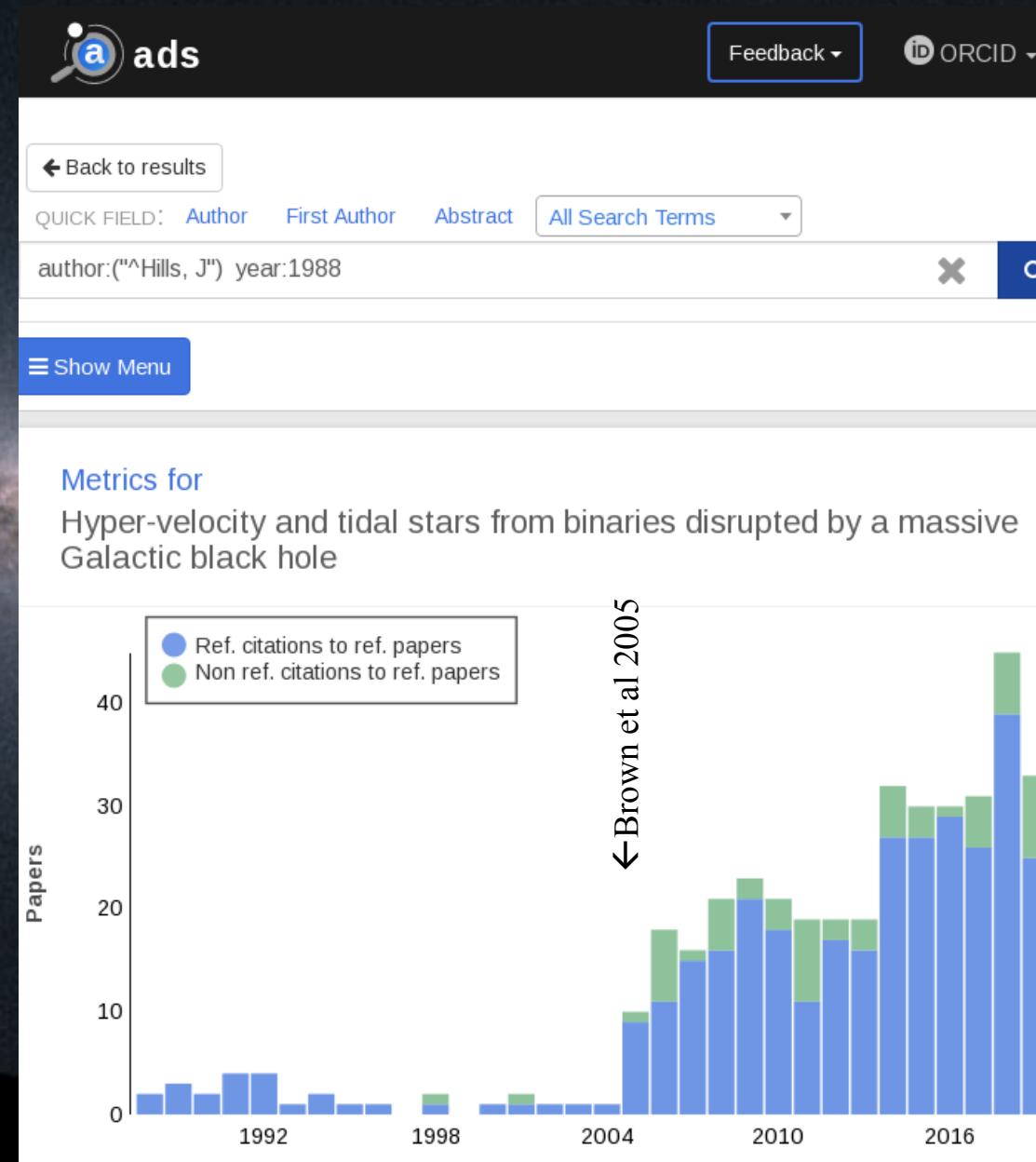
Warren R. Brown

Center for Astrophysics | Harvard & Smithsonian

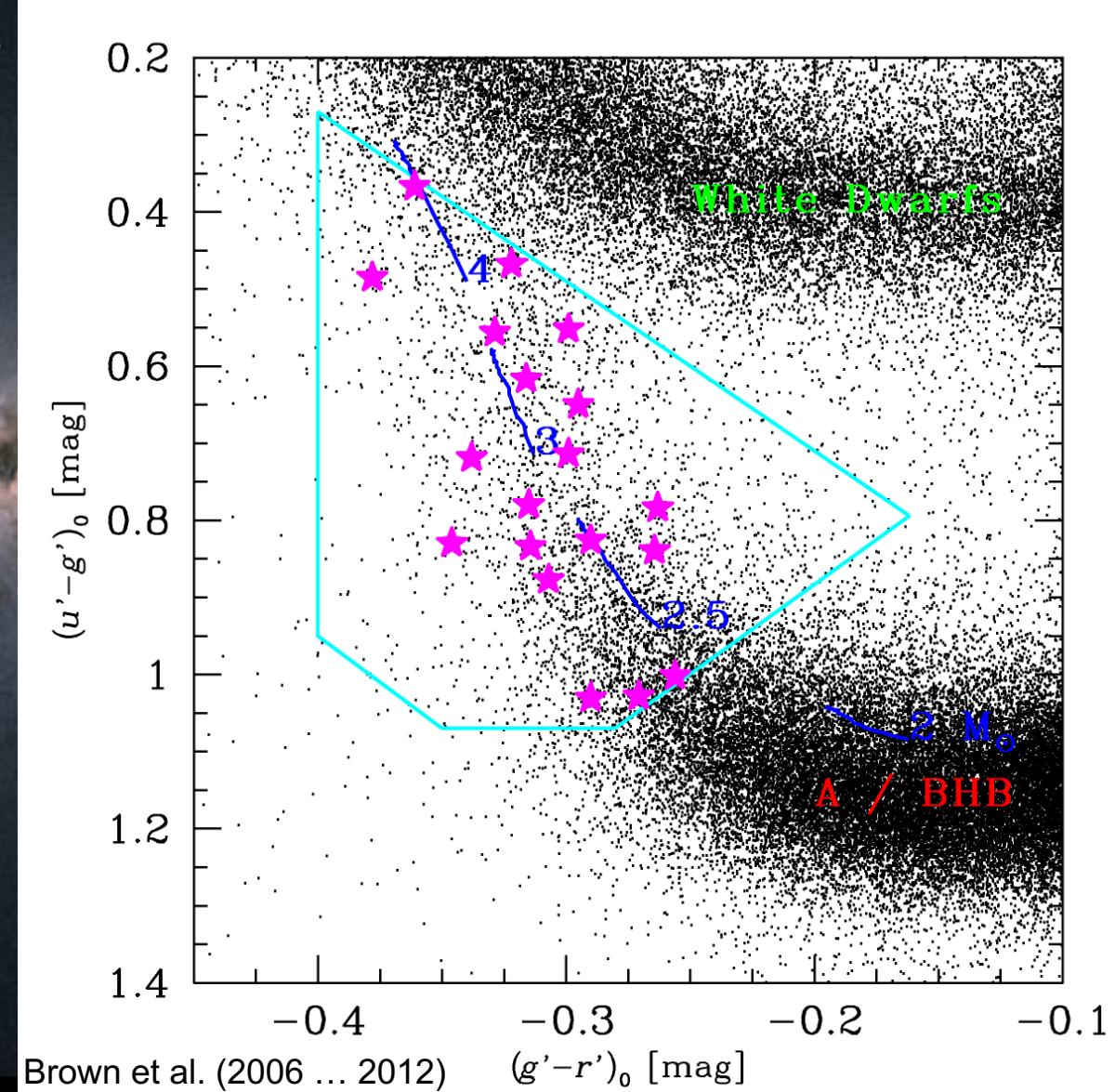
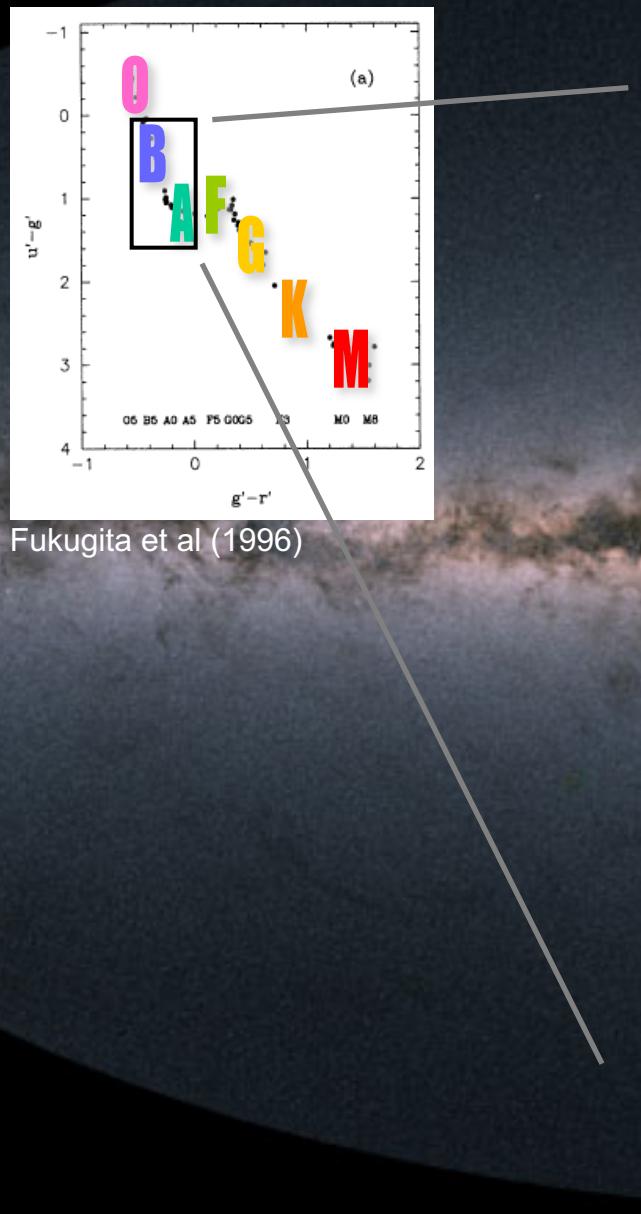
Collaborators: Margaret Geller, Scott Kenyon

Image: *Gaia* DR2 point source catalog

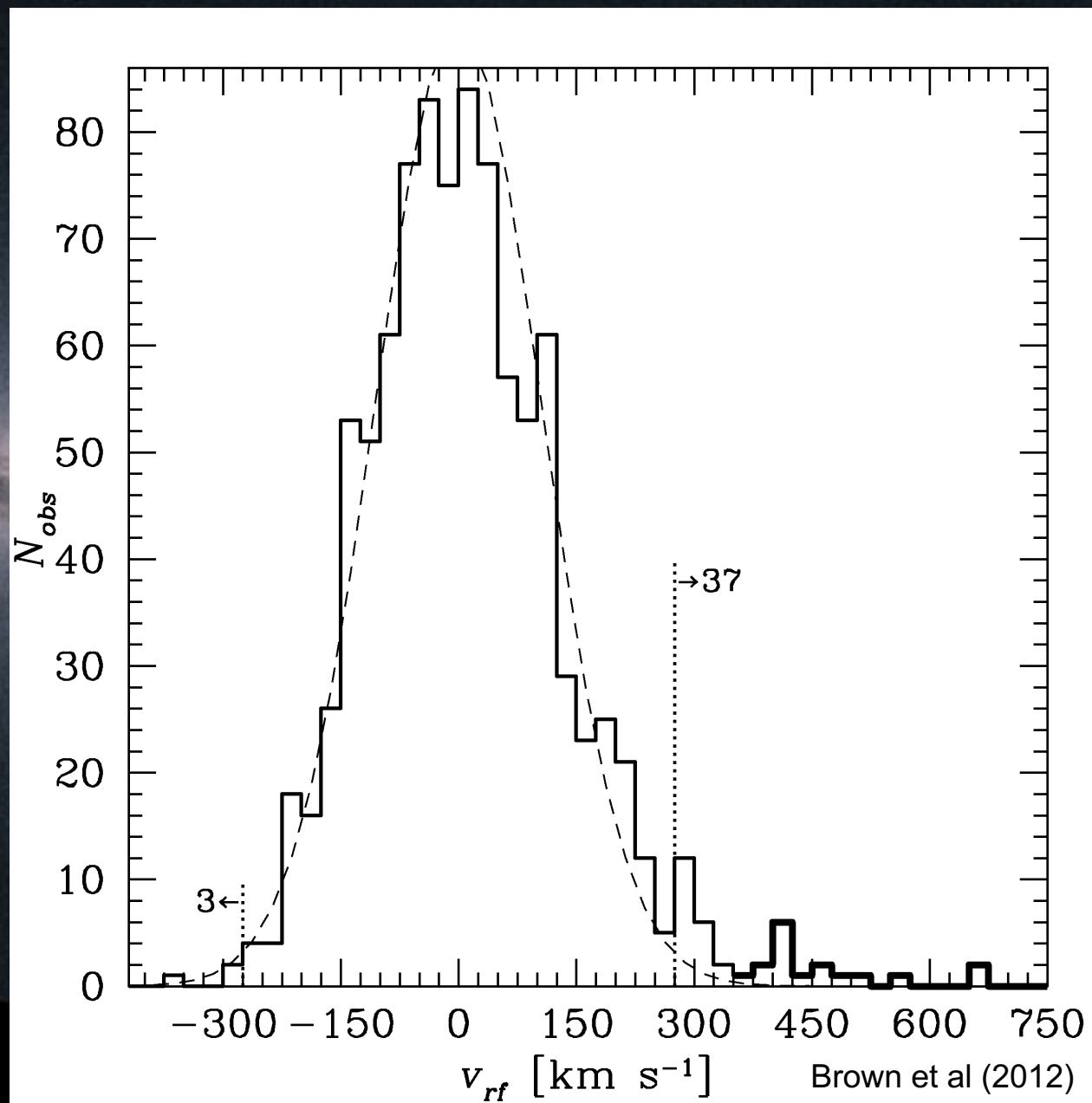
Hills 1988



The HVS Survey

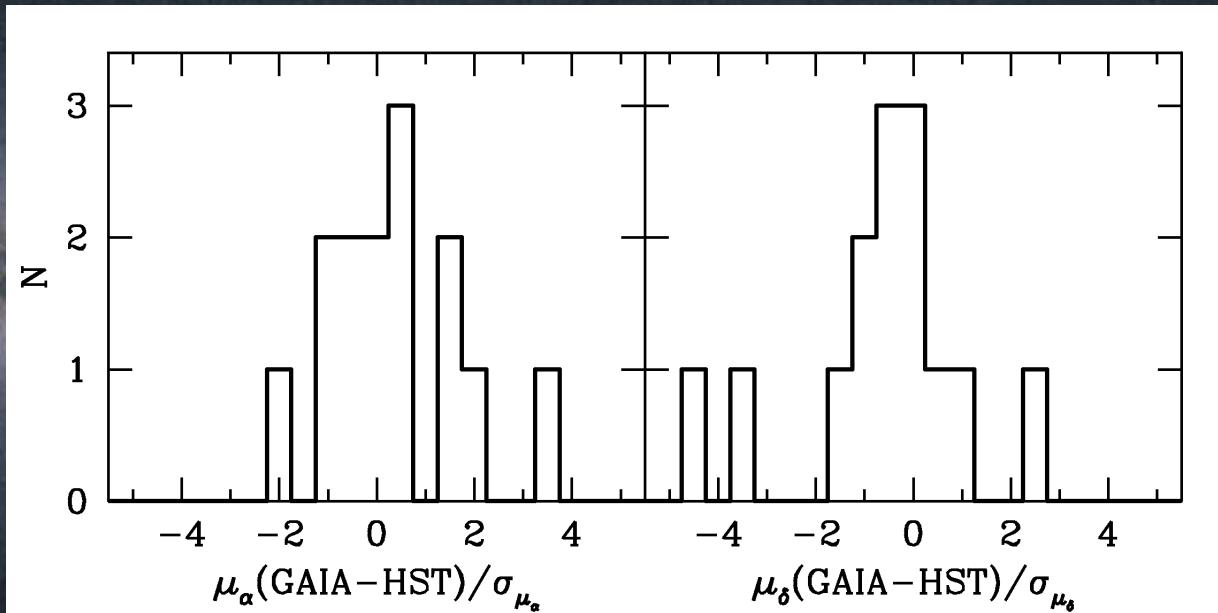


Radial Velocity Distribution



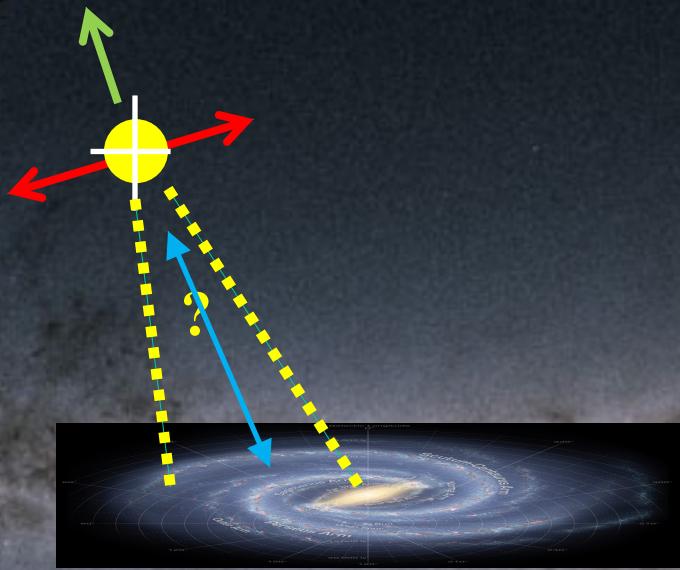
Brown et al (2012)

Proper motions



Brown et al 2015, 2018

Trajectories



Not to scale.

Measured Accurately:

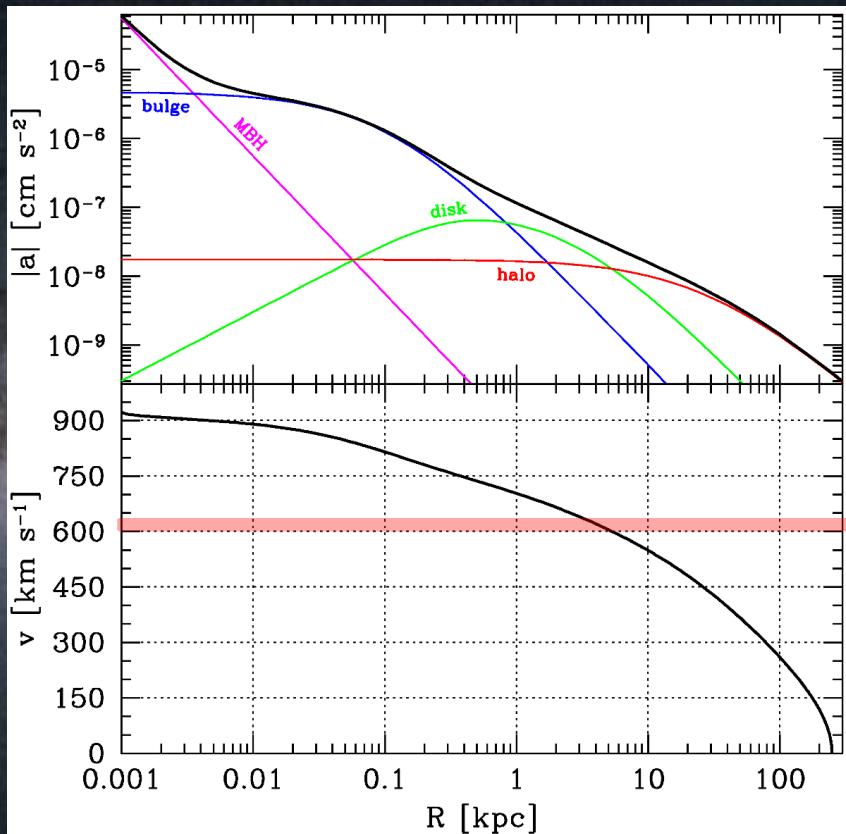
- Position ~mas
- Radial velocity ~km/s

Measured Less Accurately:

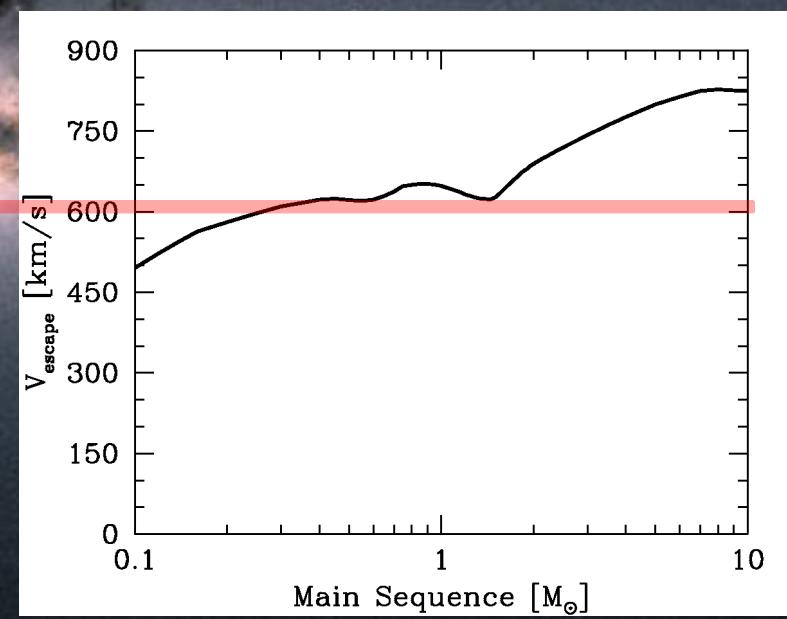
- Proper motion ~mas/yr
- Heliocentric distance ~kpc

(...tangential velocity is the product)

Velocity and gravity



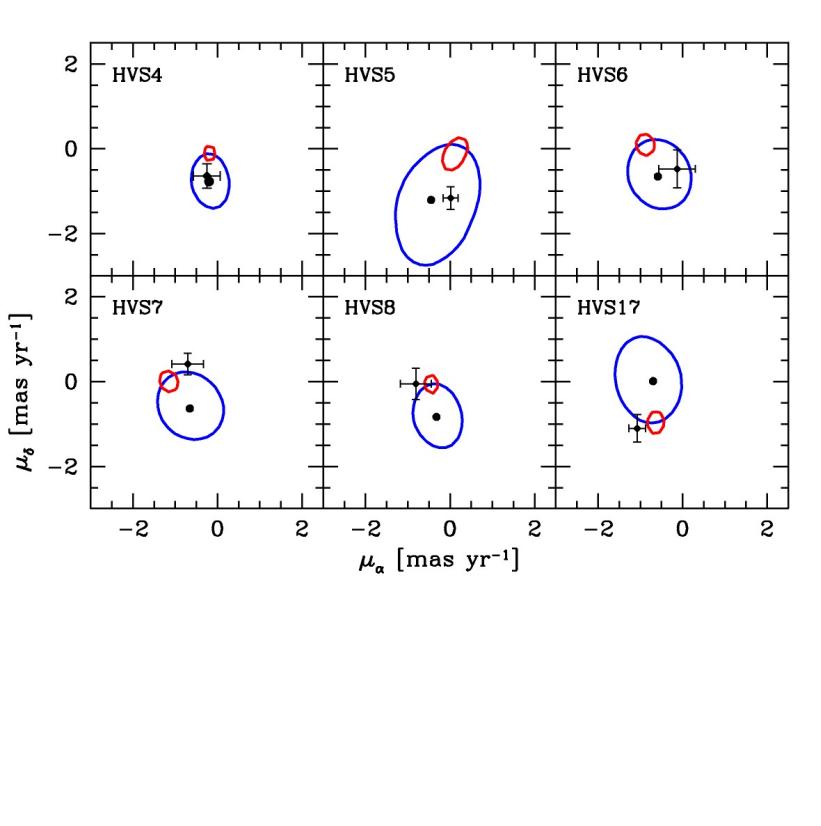
adapted from Kenyon et al. (2014)



computed from Padova tracks

Trajectories in Proper Motion space

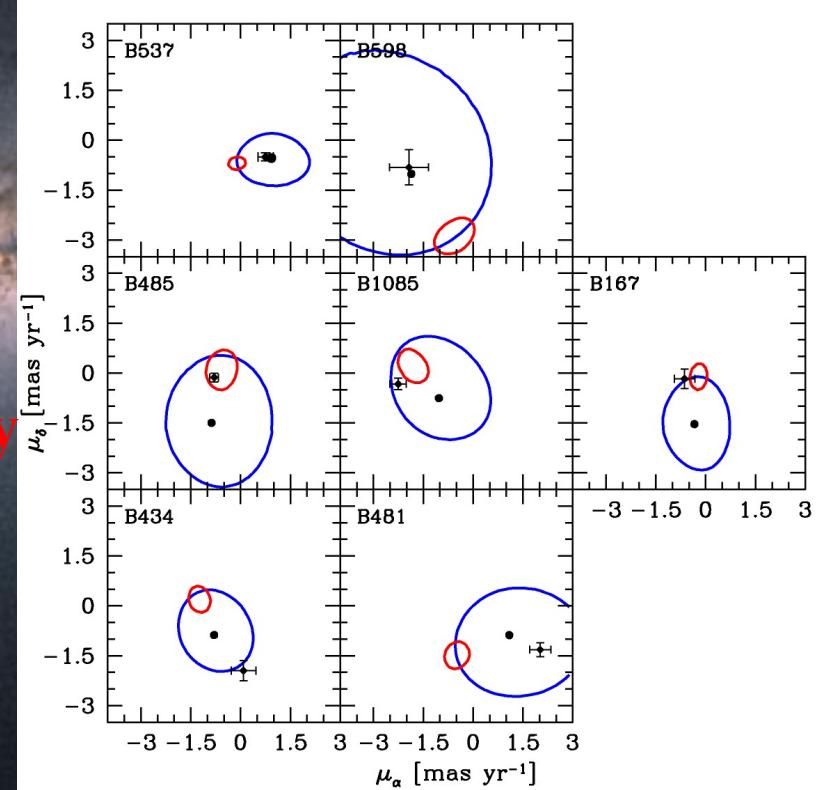
Unbound stars



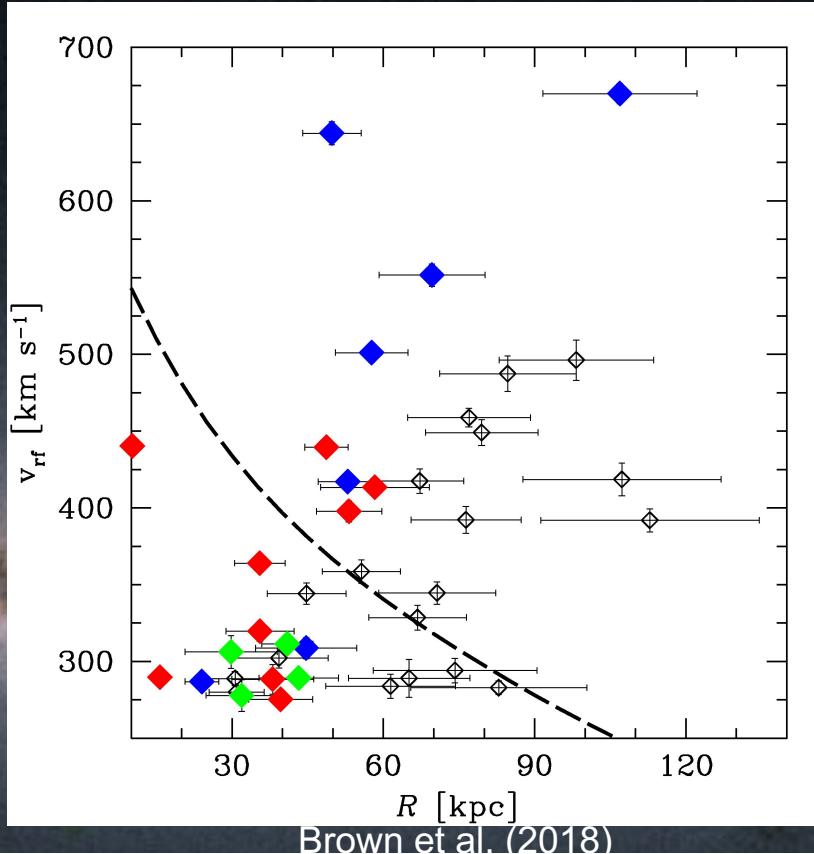
HVS
Disk
Runaway

Halo
Star

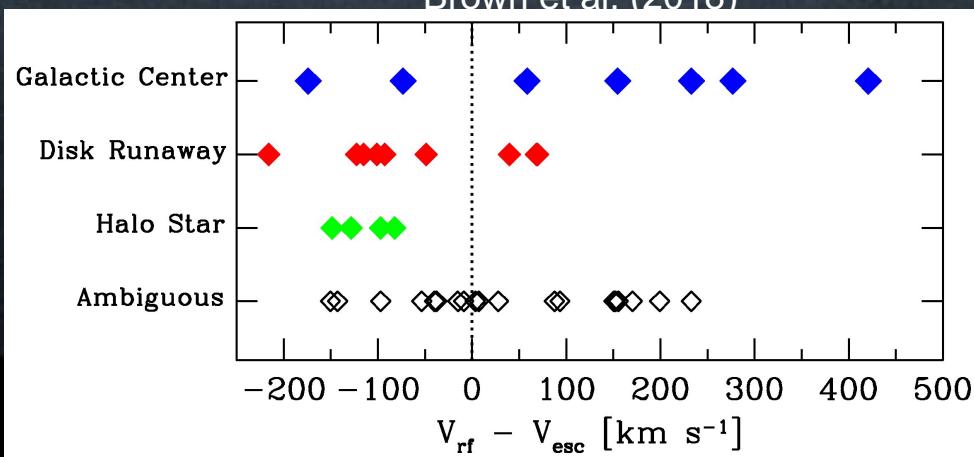
Bound stars



Final Result



Brown et al. (2018)



Gaia: over-lapping populations

Disk Runaways



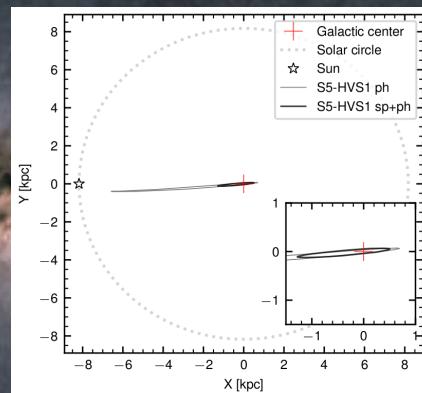
Heber et al (2008)
Boubert et al (2018)

Halo stars



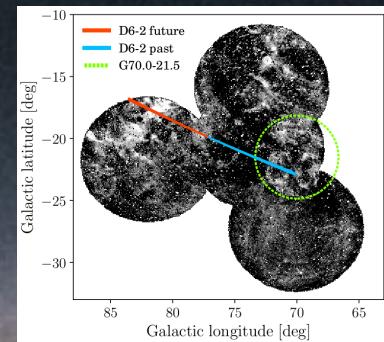
Ziegerer et al (2015)
Hattori et al (2018)

Galactic Center HVS



Brown et al (2005)
Koposov et al (2019)

Type Ia SNe



Hirsch et al (2005)
Shen et al (2018)

LMC



Edelmann et al (2005)
Erkal et al (2018)